

Studley & Henley

This locality has a population of 19,652 residents, with a population density of 1.2 persons per hectare. This locality is characterised predominantly by middle aged residents. The proportions of ethnic minorities in the local area are considerably lower than the Warwickshire averages. The percentage of the population that are not of a white UK origin, 5.4%, is approximately half the percentage of the Warwickshire average. Only 0.4% of the households in the local area do not have at least one member who speaks English as their main language, which is lower than the both the Warwickshire and national levels.

There are a total of 8,882 households in the locality, 5% of these are unoccupied. 40.1% are detached properties; 30.4% are semi-detached and 15.7% are terraced properties. The percentage of detached properties is higher than the county average, of 28.1%. The proportion of homes which are owned outright, 44.7%, is higher than the county and national averages. The proportion of homes which are rented from the local authority, at 1.1%, is considerably lower than the county and national averages, 7.9% and 9.4% respectively. The average number of bedrooms in the locality, 3.02, is higher than the average number of bedrooms across the county and nationally.

Only 8.1% of the local population live in income deprivation, which is lower than the county level figure of 10.2%. The percentage of pupils in the locality who achieve at least 5 A* - C's is 67.1%, which is higher than both the county and the national average. The long term unemployment rate in the local area, 2.4 per 1000 working age population, is also lower than the Warwickshire average and is less than half of the national average.

The percentage of residents of Studley & Henley who described their general health as bad or very bad was similar to the Warwickshire figure, 4.7% in the local area and 4.9% at the county level. The proportions of residents who provided unpaid care were also in line with the county figures. The proportion of pensioners living alone, 26.2%, was lower than the county and national figures. The proportion of healthy eating adults in the locality, 33.9%, was also higher than the county and the national averages.

Standardised ratios compare the actual rate with the expected rate, adjusting for age and sex. The standardised ratios have been calculated with the England value as the reference value, therefore it is inappropriate to directly compare the locality figures with the Warwickshire figures. The standardised admissions ratio (SAR) for all causes was considerably lower than the national average. The SAR for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) caused admissions, 59.5, was considerably lower in the local area than the national average. The SARs for elective hip and knee replacement surgery are slightly higher than the national figures. The standardised incidence ratio (SIR) for all cancer is lower than the national average. However, the SIR for breast cancer, at 130.8, is considerably higher than the national figures. The standardised mortality ratio (SMR) for all causes of mortality is lower in the local area, 92.5, compared to the national figure. The only cause of mortality which has a higher SMR than the national average is for strokes, at 100.4. All of the SMRs for premature mortality are considerably lower than the national averages.

The most important factors identified by local residents in making an area a good place to live, and the elements most in need of improvement are typical of the Warwickshire-wide response. Over half of the population reported to being worried about having their home broken into.

Overall, 91.2% of the local population were very or fairly satisfied with the local area as a place to live, which was higher than the Warwickshire average of 88.6%.